What is recess?
Recess is a relatively easy and low cost way to help students be physically active. Recess also provides social, emotional, and academic achievement benefits.

Recess defined:
• A regularly scheduled period within the school day for physical activity and play that is monitored by trained staff or volunteers.
• Encourages students to engage in activities of their choice.
• Is offered at all grade levels, kindergarten through 12th grade.

What’s happening currently?
More than 90% of elementary schools had students in each of grades K-5 participate in regularly scheduled recess during the school day.*1

But only 35% of elementary schools had 6th-grade students participate in regularly scheduled recess.*1

*Among elementary schools with students in that grade.

Active students are better learners
Recess increases students’ physical activity and improves educational outcomes.*4

Social & emotional outcomes:
• Improved ability to share and negotiate
• Better social interactions
• Increased school connectedness
• Improved school climate

Academic achievement outcomes:
• Better grades and test scores
• Better classroom behavior
• Better school attendance
• Improved memory, attention, and concentration

Only 8 states require elementary schools to provide daily recess.*2

Since the mid 2000s, up to 40% of school districts across the nation reduced or cut recess.*3

This brief highlights national data to describe the state of recess in schools in the United States of America, and identifies key policies and practices that school districts and schools can put in place.
On average, elementary schools schedule students to have 27 MINUTES of recess each day.**

**Among elementary schools in which students participate in regularly scheduled recess.

While elementary schools are meeting the national guidance to provide at least 20 minutes of daily recess, there are still many that do not offer recess. Even for those that do, school recess practices can be stronger and more comprehensive.

- 54% of elementary schools prohibit or actively discourage staff from excluding students from all or part of recess as punishment for bad behavior or failure to complete class work.¹
- 30% of elementary schools have students participate in physical activity in the gym, multi-purpose room, or cafeteria when the weather does not permit outdoor recess.¹
- 11% of elementary schools have all their classes schedule recess immediately before lunch.¹
- 49% of elementary schools use the safety checklist and equipment guidelines published in the Handbook for Public Playground Safety.¹

What are ways to improve recess?

National guidance for recess in schools

The following can guide policies for recess:

- Provide all students K-12 with 20 minutes or more of recess daily (or similar daily period of physical activity).
- Incorporate recess into the planning for a Comprehensive School Physical Activity Program.
- Do not replace physical education with recess or use recess to meet time requirements for physical education policies.
- Provide schools and students with adequate spaces, facilities, equipment, and supplies for recess.
- Ensure that spaces and facilities for recess meet or exceed recommended safety standards.
- Do not exclude students from recess for disciplinary reasons or academic performance in the classroom.
- Do not use of physical activity during recess as punishment.
- Schedule morning recess before lunch.
- Provide staff members who lead or supervise recess with ongoing professional development.

Practical strategies and resources

An important way to improve recess is by having recess policies at the state, district, and school level that aligns with the national guidance for recess.

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and SHAPE America developed Strategies for Recess in Schools to provide schools with concrete evidence-based strategies to implement and practice effective recess.

They also developed Recess Planning in Schools: A Guide to Putting Strategies for Recess in Practice to help schools develop a written recess plan to increase students’ physical activity and improve their academic achievement.

SOURCES: